ICROPM2016

Comparative model analysis of various sparing measures intended to crop production long-term sustainability by «APEX-AGROTOOL» integrated simulation system



Alex TOPAJ¹, Vladimir BADENKO², Vitaly TERLEEV², Sergei MEDVEDEV¹, Elena ZAKHAROVA¹

¹Laboratory of Agroecosystem Simulation, Agrophysical Research Institute, 195220, 14 Grazhdansky pr., Saint-Petersburg, Russia, alex.topaj@gmail.com

²Civil Engineering Institute, Peter the Great St.Petersburg Polytechnic University, Russia, 195251, St.Petersburg, Polytechnicheskaya, 29

Abstract Maintaining or even increasing the fertility and sustainability of agricultural landscapes during their active agricultural use is one of the most important scientific problems in theoretical agricultural science. Contribution presents authors efforts to develop and improve the integrated system of crop simulation for analysis and investigation of various sparing measures intended to crop production sustainability. The system consists of two main components: a) «AGROTOOL» is a process-based crop model and b) «APEX» is a framework for multivariate analysis of arbitrary dynamic crop models. They both have been significantly modified for the stated purposes. The imitation system «APEX-AGROTOOL» was used to perform a series of computer experiments in order to estimate the relative effectiveness of different measures of prolonged action, which are aimed to improving the ecological stability of agricultural landscapes and conservation of soil fertility, taking into account the possible climate change.

Challenges

- > Application of a dynamic crop model with daily time step for a long-term analysis in land use
- Climate change impact on crop productivity and agro-landscape sustainability
- Consideration of different sparing measures and agrotechnologies in frames of any crop rotation scheme
- Model-oriented analysis of organic farming managements (green) manure, catch crops, effective use of plant residues)
- Multivariate case study of the problems by means of full-factorial computer experiments

Materials

Methods

Dynamic Crop Model AGROTOOL v. 3.6



Modeling domain	Approach	
LAI & Light Interception	Monsi-Saeki	
Photosynthesis	Original	
Light Utilization	P - R	
Assimilate Partitioning	Adaptive	
Yield Formation	Y(P,R,T)	
Crop Phenology	<i>f</i> (T,W)	
Root Distribution over Depth	EXP	
Stresses Involved	W, N	
Soil Water Dynamics	Richards	
Evapo(transpiration)	FAO56	
Soil CN-model	CN, P(5)	
Biological Nitrogen Fixation	Adaptive	

Framework APEX (Automation of Polivariant EXperiments)





- Location: Men'kovo Experimental Station (ARI), Leningrad Russia Region, (59°25'N,30°02'E)
- **Soil:** Experimental Field AES-01, Sod-podzolic sandy loam, well-cultivated
- **<u>Cultures</u>**: Spring Wheat (W), Barley (B), Winter Rye (W), Canola Seeds (C), Potato (P)
- Weather: 8 Synthetic weather scenarios generated by stochastic weather generator. Climate parameters identified from 30-year actual weather datasets for the nearest weather station «Belogorka» and modified according to IPCC-provided data: (2050, GCM – HadCM3, Emission Scenario – A2)
- **Base Technology:** No Irrigation, No Mineral Fertilizing





Factor 2 PROJECT NOTOTION SEQUENTAL RUNNING REPOSITORY OF R 13/04/11 0.12 22.1 14/04/11 0.14 24.1 15/04/11 0.16 23.4 Scenario	I Initial State I Eplant 324 345 345 S55 355 Initial State	 B) «SPARING» HARVESTING (STRAW REMAINS IN THE FIELD) C) LEGUME AS GREEN MANURE CROP (LUPINE) 	
Principal Modifications for Project	ct Purposes:	D) ORGANIC FERTILIZER (CATTLE MANURE)	
AGROTOOL✓ Wintering:Continuouscalculationthroughoutthewholeyear.algorithms of snow melting and soil thermalincompletregimes.appropriate✓ Predecessor:Transformation of litter androotresiduesin themitrogen transfer in soil✓ Forecasti✓ Fixation:Adaptivesub-modelbiological nitrogen fixation by legumesfor the	APEX tation : special plug-in for planning te factorial experiments and performing te complex serial-parallel schemes of computation transfer of the results from the run to the initial state of subsequent run ing : Built-in stochastic generator of eather data that takes into account climate changes	 E) WINTER CATCH CROP (RAPE) Scheme of numerical experiments: Scheme of numerical experiments: Sequence. 4!=24 investigated variants Choice 5 best variants of sequence. Sparing harvesting for 5 selected variants Winter catch crop before summer crops Organic fertilization for 5 selected variants 	7. Search the best place of lea
Results			
Base (no measures) Yield dynamics in con	tinuous rotation Comparative eff	ficiency of tested measures (partial benefit / total benefit)	Full variant (all measures)
			Dynamics of guarant valative viold



